The Academic Resume and Curriculum Vitae



What is a Curriculum Vita?

A *Curriculum Vita*, commonly referred to as a CV, includes a summary of your educational and academic background as well as teaching, research experience, publications, presentations, awards, honors, and affiliations. The CV establishes your identity as an academic, and includes all pertinent academic experience and qualifications.

Curriculum Vita vs. Resume

The most noticeable difference between most CVs and most resumes is the length. Entry level resumes are usually limited to one page. CVs, however, often run to three or more pages. Keep in mind that length is not to the determinant of a successful CV. You should try to present all the relevant information that you possibly can, but you should also try to present it in as concise a manner as possible.

A more subtle but equally important distinction is that where the goal of a resume is to construct a professional identity for the purpose of attaining specific employment opportunities, the goal of a CV is to construct a scholarly identity by summarizing the breadth and depth of expertise in a particular field. Therefore, CVs specifically reflect academic abilities as a teacher, researcher, and publishing scholar within your discipline.

What is an Academic Resume?

Because most students lack the experience to truly establish expertise in a field, and because our purposes in UROC is to gain specific research opportunities, we will employ a hybrid model called an academic resume. In essence an academic resume is a short and carefully tailored CV that is targeted to the programs and researchers you will be sending them to. It should contain all the information that is present in a CV, and will serve as the starting point for assembling a full CV in the future.

What's in a CV?

A CV should include your name and contact information, an overview of your education, your academic and *related* employment (especially teaching, editorial, and managerial experience related to your field), your research projects (including conference papers and publications), and your departmental and community service. You may optionally include a reference list, either as part of your CV or on a separate page.

The items are grouped in sections, with the most important information coming first... meaning the sections that contain qualifications that emphasize your abilities and capabilities as they pertain to a particular program should be emphasized. Under each section, individual experiences should be listed in reverse chronological order (most recent first).

When applying to a research university, research projects, conference presentations, and especially publications become very important. In any case, you will want to be sure that the information that will be most helpful in determining your aptitude for research comes before information that will be less helpful.

All CVs and resumes should include the following sections:

Heading

 Include name, address, telephone number, and email address (optionally include webpage or online profile if it is pertinent).

Education

 List your educational history, including degrees earned and specialized training received.

Professional History/Research Experience

 List professional and research experiences that are relevant to the program or research you are applying to conduct (including unpaid volunteer work or internships if they are related). Be sure to highlight achievements and skills that relate to your proposed research. This section may optionally be broken down into more specific sections such as Teaching Experience or Employment if they are relevant to your field.

You may optionally add any number of other sections to highlight and emphasize aspects of your history and preparation for research, including:

Research Interests

- Succinctly state your *specific* research interests (this section often comes directly after the heading).

• Summary of Qualifications/Skills/Relevant Courses/Licenses & Certifications

- Summarize your relevant skills, training and credentials.

Honors & Awards/Leadership & Service

- Highlight academic achievements and leadership roles.

Publications/Presentations/Professional Affiliations

Demonstrate scholarly activity.

References

 List contact information for people who can comment on your work ethic and qualifications (be sure anyone you list has agreed to be a reference).

*See the attached content template for ideas of which sections to include and how to format them.

What should NOT be in a CV?

Avoid putting anything in that is not directly related to your academic field, or that does not give you specific skills related to your field. Your summer job waiting tables, for example, should be omitted. Irrelevant content only distracts from the content you wish to highlight.

Also avoid too much personal information, such as salary information, political or religious activities, or any personal information that may lead to bias or discrimination on the part of the reader.

Within the CV, how should the descriptions be constructed?

You should have a separate entry for each pertinent experience. Include titles, references to specific projects, and notable achievements when appropriate. Avoid descriptions of basic job descriptions; instead focus on ownership (i.e. what you did that is relevant to your goals), leadership, and achievement.

Keep the text for each entry concise, and format sections so that they are easily scanned. Avoid blocks of text, and strive for short, well messaged sound bites. Also focus on incorporating keywords into your text for each entry. If possible tailor the keywords to the position based on the program description or research description for the researcher you are applying to work with.

Two common strategies that apply to CV's and resumes are gapping and parallelism. **Gapping** is the use of incomplete sentences in order to present your information as clearly and concisely as possibly. For example, instead of writing, "I taught composition for four years, during which time I planned classes and activities, graded papers, and constructed exams. I also met with students regularly for conferences," you might write, "Composition Instructor (2000-2004). Planned course activities. Graded all assignments. Held regular conferences with students." By using incomplete sentences here, you cut out unnecessary words and allow for a quicker read of important information.

Parallelism is also very important to a strong CV. Generally, you will want to keep the structure of your phrases and/or sentences consistent throughout your document. Thus, if you use verb phrases in one portion of your CV to describe your duties, try to use them throughout your CV. Within entries, make sure that the structure of your phrases is exactly parallel so what you're communicating is more easily understood.

You should consider using bullet points when appropriate to highlight important information. Bullet points are often used in resumes, but less often used in CVs. Whether or not you use bullets to separate lines in your CV should depend on how the bullets will affect the appearance of your CV If you have a number of descriptive statements about your work that all run to about a line in length, bullets can be a good way of separating them. If, however, you have a lot of very short phrases, breaking them up into bulleted lists can leave a lot of white space that could be used more efficiently.

Remember that the principles guiding any decision you make should be conciseness and ease of readability.

Curriculum Vitae Content Template

CONTACT INFORMATION

Name Address City, State, Zip Telephone Cell Phone Email If listing school address, indicate relevant dates (e.g. Until June 2016) and include permanent address. Email address and voicemail message must be professional.

The real estate below this line is very valuable. Use it wisely and customize the info for the recipient.

RESEARCH INTERESTS

EDUCATION

California State University Monterey Bay, Seaside, CA Degree, Major
Anticipated Date of Graduation
Honors and Awards
GPA

In short phrases or bullets, list from most specific to most general. This should match the interests of your target.

Community College, City, State Major/Emphasis Degree (if applicable) Date of Graduation (if applicable)

List GPA if it is high (i.e. above a 3.2 for science majors and 3.4 for humanities).

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Institution, Location Project Name Title Date If more than one, list "e.g. also Mesa and West Valley Community Colleges."

PUBLICATIONS

Title Journal / Outlet Date "Submitted to" or "in review" is appropriate if your letter writers can confirm.

"Submitted to" or "to be presented at" is

appropriate if your letter writers can

confirm.

PRESENTATIONS

Title
Meeting / Event
Location, Date

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Title Location / Institutions Course (Professor XX) Date

EMPLOYMENT

LEADERSHIP AND SERVICE

HONORS AND AWARDS

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

Mix and match sections to suit your experiences and to highlight your strengths.

LICENSES AND CERTIFICATIONS	Table of 5-7 relevant classes, with the most relevant first. Use descriptive names, and focus on skills developed.
SKILLS AND TRAINING	List type of license, certification, or accreditation and date received.
LANGUAGES	
ADDITIONAL	This is your `catch-all' for any extra (relevant) information. Use sparingly.